





# BSERP Exit Strategy

BSERP

15 Years of UNDP/GEF in the Black Sea Region, Final Seminar, 14-15 February 2008, Istanbul



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# Why Exit Strategy?

- it identifies which BSERP priority activities
  - which should pass on to the BSC for continued implementation,
  - which to the riparian countries, and
  - those which should phase out



## **Exit Strategy Includes:**

- Consideration of BSERP objectives and planned outcomes with respect to post-project sustainability
- Consideration of the BSC Institutional Review immediate and mid-term recommendations
- Consideration of the tools, programmes and activities of EU (European Neighbourhood Policy, Europaid, etc.) in the BS region, particularly related to the EU Marine Policy
- Agreement on the transfer of activities and responsibilities from the BSERP to the BSC Permanent Secretariat and Advisory Groups during 2007 – 2008
- Strategies for the BSC and governments to bridge financial and technical gaps upon BSERP conclusion.



## **Financial Support**

- Adequate funding is urgently needed to continue the progress
- Sources of additional funding should not come only from international donors, but also (mostly) from the Black Sea countries
- Commissioners to recommend a new level and allocation of the budget/resources among the Parties to the Convention



## **Possible Country Contribution**

- Countries to pay for the costs of representatives participation in the Commission and related bodies
- Each Country could appoint a full time staff person in the country to work on BSC issues.
- Countries could pay for staff with specific expertise to be seconded to the Commission for periods of one year or longer. Turkey has done this on two occasions on a part time basis.
- Countries could review the work of their scientific institutes and see how that work can be used to support the objectives of the Blacks Sea Commission.
- Countries could make interim voluntary cash contributions to the Commission where possible.



## **Outstanding Issues**

#### Core activities

- Convention Amendments
- Organisational Structure
- Budget
- Ministerial Meeting (Kiev, 2008)

#### Policy Activities

- SAP national negotiations (provision of costs, reassessments of priorities and time-scales)
- NAPs (production)
- LBSA Protocol (finalisation of regional negotiations and adoption of the Revised LBSA Protocol at the Ministerial Meeting of Contracting Parties, 2008)
- ICZM (as recommended by Feasibility Study)
- LBD on Fisheries and Conservation of Marine Living



## Outstanding Issues...

- Science and Information
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> BS Scientific Conference (Oct 2008)
  - Research cruises and Pilot Monitoring activities
  - Distribution of Zooplankton nets
  - State of Environment Report (2008)
- Investment Activities



## Outstanding Issues.....

- Public Awareness and Participation
  - BS Day 2008 (in partnership with UNDP and Coca-Cola)
  - Evaluation of Small Grants projects
- BSERP Administrative Issues
  - Terminal Evaluation of BSERP
  - Administrative closure of BSERP office
  - Transfer of goods and equipment to BSC and countries



## **GEF/BSERP Grant to BSC**

- Fee of the Editor of the State of Environment Report (2008)
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Black Sea Scientific Conference in 2008. Conference is being organised jointly with BS-SCENE EU Project
- Support of national consultations and regional negotiations of the Revised LBSA Protocol
- Further activities related to the Revised BS SAP (2008)



## **Transfer of Goods**

- Computer equipment to AGs and Commissioners
- Furniture, computer and office equipment to BSC/PS
- Project vehicle to BSC/PS
- Monitoring equipment (LADCP, zooplankton nets)
- All publications/reports, visual materials



## Conclusions

- GEF through its interventions (BSEP, BSERP I & II) have played an important catalytic role in BS
- A major part of BSERP outputs has been finalised, a clear strategy (and resources) to finalise outstanding issues
- Sustainability mechanisms have been built-in
- BSC to actively cooperate with the EC and its on-going initiatives (EuopeAid, PLANCOAST, DABLAS) to maximise the impact of interventions on objectives of BSC
- Two-step budget strategy of BSC short and long-term (the latter is mainly based on country contributions)
- Capacity of BSC/PS has to be adequate
- Partnerships to support BSC activities (UNDP, Coca-Cola, etc.)
- To expand public awareness and stakeholder involvement



# "If you think you can win, you can win, you can win. Faith is necessary to victory."

William Hazlitt (1778 - 1830)