SETTING THE LONG TERM VISION FOR THE FINANCIAL FUTURE OF CTI

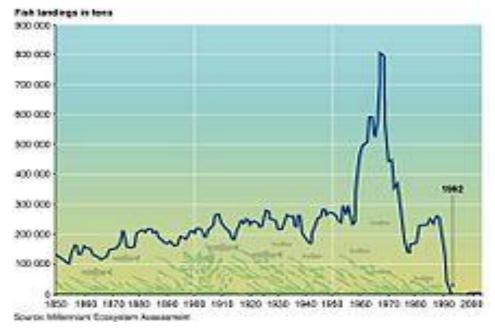
What is the CT Initiative is trying to protect for the current and future generation? CTI ecosystem services (tourism, fisheries, coastal protection) values in \$.

- Fisheries Export CTI \$3.35 Billion USD + in 2004 (Ref - Sugiyama et at. (2004) in the Coral Triangle and Climate Change – Ecosystem people and society at risk WWF and UQ).
- Lack of precise data for Tourism and Coastal Protection
 Today, worth more than \$5 to 6 B per year. This amount does not even include the value of the internal consumption of fish by the local population

TIME WE ACT AS FOR LARGE SCALE PROJECT WITH CORRESPONDING LARGE SCALE PLANNING AND FINANCIAL PLAN

What are the risk of Business as Usual?

The cod story in Northern Hemisphere versus lack of decisive Government action. The tragedy of the commons



The Northern Cod fishery abruptly collapsed in 1992, following overfishing since the late 1950s, and an earlier partial collapse in the 1970s.

- · 3 Canadian provinces profoundly affected -
- 35,000 fisherman from 400 costal communities became unemployed in NF
- Moratorium for 2 years, but still
- · 20 years later, no recovery

CARIBBEAN CHALLENGE GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

Protect biodiversity across the Caribbean through sustainability and preserve human livelihoods by managed protected area systems that are resilient to climate change and degradation impacts.

- <u>Conserve at least 20% of the Caribbean's coastal marine habitat by</u> <u>2020-</u> Effective management of PAs
- <u>By 2015, provide dedicated, permanent funding for Caribbean</u> protected area systems through:

1) the establishment of Protected Areas Trust Funds; and

- 2) the creation of *new* sustainable finance mechanisms.
- <u>By 2015, develop ecosystem-based adaptation projects and tools</u> to protect key threatened habitats and livelihoods. EBA preservation, restoration and sustainable management

The Caribbean Challenge SF Plan Endowment 40 M – Match 1 to 1by 2015 Into 1 Regional Trust Fund

Countries	KFW	TNC	GEF	+ in country new revenues	Government	TBD	total
Antigua & Barbuda	900,000	600,000	1,500,000				3,000,000
Bahamas	3,000,000	2,000,000	500,000		2,000,000	2,500,000	10,000,000
Dominican Republic	3,000,000	2,000,000	250,000			4,750,000	10,000,000
Grenada	900,000	600,000	1,500,000				3,000,000
Jamaica	1,600,000	1,000,000	750,000			1,650,000	5,000,000
St-Kitts & Nevis	900,000	600,000	1,500,000				3,000,000
St- Lucia	900,000	600,000	1,500,000				3,000,000
St Vincent & The	900,000	600,000	1,500,000				3,000,000
Grenadines							
Total	12,100,000	8,000,000	9,000,000		2,000,000	8,900,000	40,000,000

Micronesia Challenge



30% of the near shore marine resources; and

20% of the forest resources by 2020





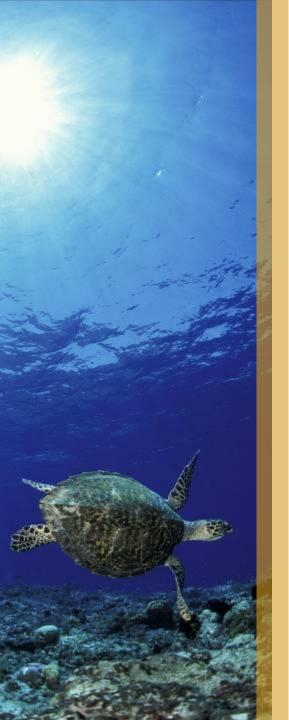


MICRONESIA CHALLENGE Sut. Fin. Plan <u>Phase 1</u> - Endowment 18 millions Match 1 to 2 +

new revenues

Into 1 Regional Trust Fund MCT

JURISDICTION	TNC	CI	Tot. Match	Substantial	Matching		Total		
			Required	local new	endowment		today		
			by each	revenues	1 to 2				
			Country						
				revolving fund	other sources	GEF			
Palau	2,000,000	1,000,000	6,000,000	Green fees 1,300,000	2,000,000	1,684,848	6,000,000		
Fed. States of	1,000,000	1,000,000	4,000,000	Green fees	500,000	1,684,848	3,000,000		
Micronesia				Tuna revenues					
Republic of the		1,000,000	2,000,000		325,000	1,684,848	2,000,000		
Marshall Islands									
Commonwealth of the									
Northern Mariana –									
Phase 2									
Guam - Phase 2									
Total	3,000,000	3,000,000	12,000,000	In progress		5,054,544	11,000,000		



CTI Funding Mechanism

Pooled and non Pooled fund

Current

Mechanism A: Special account for external funding managed by CTI governments

Mechanism B: Grant agreement under which one or more international or national NGOs manage external funding

Mechanism C: Funder-controlled program

Mechanism D: National and sub-regional trust funds (funds can be pooled or not pooled)

Proposed

Mechanism E: Regional large scale funding mechanism – e.g. <u>Coral Triangle Partnership Fund</u> (both pooled and non-pooled funds)



When Size Matter For Endowment investment return

Size of initial investment	Gross	Inflation	Net	US dollars	Surplus	
	revenue	+ fees	revenue			
Greater than \$1 billion	9%	4 %	5%	50,000,000		
10 years after investment	12%	- 4%	8%	80,000,000	+ 30 million	
500m to 1 b	9%	4 %	5%	25,000,000		
10 years after investment	10.3	- 4%	6.3%	31,500,000	+ 6.5 million	
100m - 500 m	9%	4 %	5%	5,000,000		
10 years after investment	9.3	- 4%	5.3%	5,300,000	+ 300,000	
50m - 100m	9%	4 %	5%	2,500,000		
10 years after investment	8.7	- 4%	4.7%	2,350,000	- 150,000	

(Reference: NACUBO Endowment study of 734 Funds in 2005)

Independent Coral Triangle Partnership Fund, How it work

Like the Micronesia Challenge and Caribbean Challenge Endowment Fund
Manage by 1 Independent Regional Trust servicing all countries members instead of a trust in each country. (Ref. when size matter)

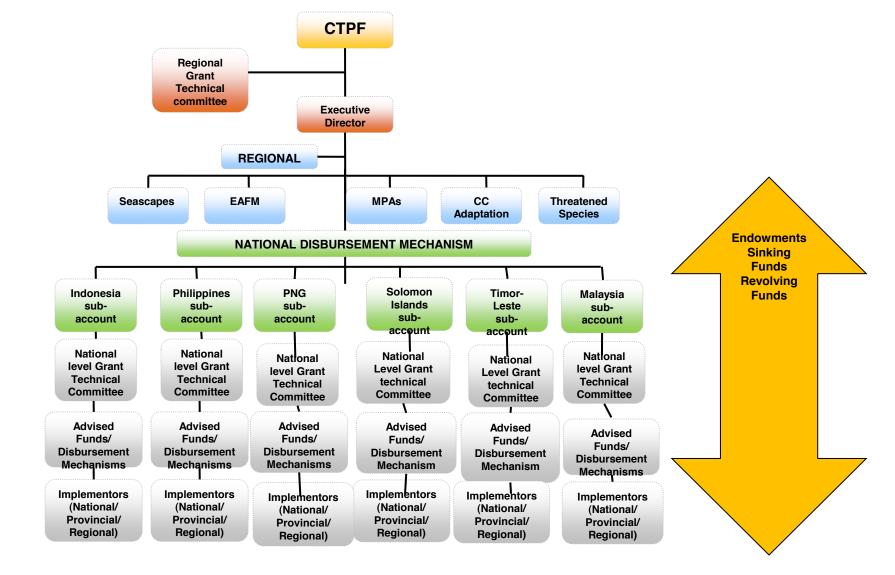
• Trust with very high level Regional and International Board of Trustee with mandate to grow the Pie. Trust can be establish anywhere where it offer best tax exemption for donation and revenues

• Each donation in the Regional Trust earmark for 1 country by donor is assigned to that country sub – account and can be also assigned by goal in each sub-account

• All net revenues earned by the Regional Trust pool investment are separate among the countries in line with their percentage of the total investment in the Regional Trust

• Each country negotiate an MOU with the Regional Trust which spell out the right and obligations for the disbursement of the revenues and identified the recipient organization

• Each country set up or identified a Disbursement Mechanism to be agreed by the Regional Trust as trustworthy to follow the Regional Trust fiduciary responsibility.



Proposed building CTI initial \$100 Million Endowment – Match 1 to 1 + new local revenues by end 2015 starting NOW

Countries	Donor 1	Donor 2	Donor 3	Government	+ New	Total	Total
				Endow	Local	Endowment	new
				Match	revenue	5% net	Revenue by
					estimated py	revenues py	2016
Philippines				1 To 1	1,750,000	20 M = 1M	2,750,000
Malaysia				1 To 1	1,750,000	20 m = 1 M	2,750,000
Indonesia				1 To 1	3,500,000	40 m = 2 M	
							5,500,000
Solomon Island				1 To 1	250,000	5 m = .25 M	500,000
Timor Leste				1 To 1	250,000	5 m = .25 M	500,000
Papua New Guinea				1 To 1	875,000	10 m = .5 M	1,375,000
Total					8,375,000	100 M = 5M	13.375,000

The Vision

