



## GEF-6 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION FORM (PIF)

PROJECT TYPE: Full-sized Project

TYPE OF TRUST FUND: Least Developed Countries Fund

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### PART I: PROJECT INFORMATION

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Project Title:	Strengthening Adaptative Capacities to Climate Change through Capacity Building for small scale Enterprises and Communities Dependent on Coastal Fisheries in The Gambia		
Country(ies):	GAMBIA	GEF Project ID: <sup>1</sup>	
GEF Agency(ies):	UNIDO (select) (select)	GEF Agency Project ID:	140379
Other Executing Partner(s):	Ministry of Fisheries/Department of Fisheries, Department of Fisheries (MoF/DoF) National Environmental Agency (NEA); Ministry of Environment, Parks and Wildlife, Climate Change Office (MoEPW/CCO); Ministry of Trade, Industry and Employment (MoTIE); Gambia Bureau of Standards (GBS), and; Food Safety and Quality Authority of The Gambia (FQSA)	Submission Date: Submission Date of Updated PIF:	07-21-2015 08-09-2017
GEF Focal Area(s):	Climate Change	Project Duration (Months)	36 months
Integrated Approach Pilot	IAP-Cities <input type="checkbox"/> IAP-Commodities <input type="checkbox"/> IAP-Food Security <input type="checkbox"/>	Corporate Program: SGP <input type="checkbox"/>	
Name of parent program:	[if applicable]	Agency Fee (\$)	209,000

Technical Updates on PIF:

PIF Section	What circumstances have changed?	Specific Changes to the PIF document
<b>Part 1: Project Information</b>	Food Safety and Quality Authority (FQSA) of The Gambia's name has been updated and included as a new executing partner, reconstituted in 2015. FQSA under the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare is responsible for the official national control of all foods and feed including fishery products	
<i>Co financing – Table C</i>	No change required: Meetings was held with	

<sup>1</sup> Project ID number will be assigned by GEFSEC and to be entered by Agency in subsequent document submissions.

	partners following information on the project approval (13 July 2017) to confirm the sources of co-financing.	
<b>1. Project Description. Global/ national CC Vulnerability Context</b>		
<b><i>1.1) the global environmental and/or adaptation problems, root causes and barriers that need to be addressed</i></b>	The Gambia elections on 02 December 2016 and subsequent political, social and economic developments. Fish marketing actors have been included in the vulnerability scenario	Please refer to Part II, Section 1.1, Paras 1-4 of the PIF document where updated information has been included. Paragraph 8, line 10: “ <u>and marketing</u> ” added
<b><i>1.2) the baseline scenario or any associated baseline projects</i></b>	Baseline scenario and associated projects of World Bank, FAO TCPs, UNDP etc, and the National Development Plan (NDP 2018 – 2022) policies and strategies have been updated.	Information on the associated baseline projects (Paragraphs 14-16)
<b><i>1.3) the proposed alternative scenario, GEF focal area[1] strategies, with a brief description of expected outcomes and components of the project:</i></b>	No substantive Change	
<b>Component 1: CCA and Gender Equality for Adaptation measures mainstreamed into relevant sector policies and national strategies</b>	No update	
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<b>Outcome1: Strengthened national capacities of key fisheries quality, food safety and environmental regulatory agencies to support mainstreaming of CCA and gender equality in sectoral policies and development strategies</b>	No update	
<b>Output 1.1: Relevant policies and strategies reviewed, and a sectoral/ coastal fisheries value chain based CCA capacity building and gender mainstreaming strategy recommended</b>	No update	

Output 1.2: Pilot climate resilient business model for fisheries waste management and processing environmental safeguard measures relevant to CCA policy mainstreaming, is developed and	<u>Small change was made to Output 1.2, diversified livelihoods for resilience building and circular value addition.</u> The poultry industry was included as an alternate livelihood of fishing communities	Para 26, pg. 11 was revised accordingly.
Output 1.3: Staff of DoF, local governments in target communities, environmental and business sector regulators, industries and cooperatives trained on climate resilient techniques and Gender Equality for adaptation	No update	
<b>Component 2: Pilot demonstrations on resilience building for small scale fisheries dependent enterprises and populated coastal communities</b>	No update	
Outcome 2: Increased resilience and adaptive capacities of enterprises along the coastal fisheries value chain	No update	
Output 2.1: Pilot demonstrations on improved post-harvest fisheries technologies, practices and business operations integrating adaptation capacity building measures implemented at three CFCs with investment co-financing of small enterprise investors.	No update	
Output 2.2: Trainers and business service providers for value chains development including fish quality and safety and environmental regulatory measures will target staff of DoF, CCO and other regulatory agencies staff.	Minor updates, to highlight potential role of national experts and sector extensionists as trainers of trainers	Para 34, pg. 12 was revised accordingly.
Output 2.3 Selected enterprises develop climate resilient business plans with feasibility assessments updated to integrate climate resilience and fisheries value chain development	No update	
<b>Component 3: Community empowerment and awareness rising on CCA in fisheries value chains</b>	Typographical correction	Awareness <u>raising</u> in place of <u>rising</u> : see pg. 12

Outcome 3. Strengthened local institutional <i>and community</i> capacities to develop and utilize integrated fisheries data and information management systems	No update	
Output 3.1: Plan for public awareness campaigns developed (utilizing EWS and local knowledge)	No update	
Output 3.2: Training materials and tools to introduce climate adaptation solutions in the coastal fisheries sector developed and workshops held with selected CFCs and educational institutions	No update	
Output 3.3: Lessons learned documented and disseminated to relevant audiences		
Outcome 4. Project monitoring & evaluation system implemented in line with GEF CC LDCF / SCCF Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool (AMAT)	No update	
Output 4.1: Project monitoring and mid-term reviews implemented	No update	
Output 4.2: Project terminal evaluation	No update	
<b>1.4) Incremental/additional cost reasoning and expected contributions from the baseline, the GEFTF, LDCF, SCCF, and co-financing</b>	No update	
<b>1.5) Global environmental benefits (GEFTF) and/or adaptation benefits (LDCF/SCCF)</b>	No update	
<b>1.6) Innovation, sustainability and potential for scaling up</b>	Inclusion of WARFP as a complementary partner at national and regional levels in the dissemination of lessons and scaling up strategy	Paragraph 59, pg. 15 was revised accordingly.
<b>2. Stakeholders. Will project design include the participation of relevant stakeholders from civil society and indigenous people? (yes /no ) If yes, identify key stakeholders and briefly describe how they will be engaged in project design/preparation.</b>	Update on the name of the Ministry of Fisheries (now Ministry of Fisheries Water Resources and National Assembly Matters)  Typo editing of the names of partner associations of fisheries organisations and inclusion of other specific partner stakeholders	The following was added to paragraphs 61-63 on pg. 15: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Water Resources and National Assembly Matters added to the name of the Ministry of Fisheries</li> <li>- Association of Gambian Fishing companies (AGFC)</li> <li>- Gambia Women Association of Fish and Vegetables Exporters (GWAFVE),</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National Association of Artisanal Fisheries Operators (NAAFO)</li> <li>- National Sole Fishery Co-Management Committee (NASCOM)</li> </ul> <p>Also included: potential private business partners (Environ Management of EM HOLDING and associate partners) and fish processing factories.</p> <p>Where relevant, these changes were also reflected on pg. 1 of the PIF.</p>
<b>3. Gender Considerations. Are gender considerations taken into account? (yes /no ). If yes, briefly describe how gender considerations will be mainstreamed into project preparation, taken into account the differences, needs, roles and priorities of men and women.</b>	Updated strategy on the mainstreaming of gender into climate change adaption in the PPG and project implementation	Paragraph 69, pg. 16 was revised accordingly.
<b>4 Risks. Indicate risks, including climate change, potential social and environmental risks that might prevent the project objectives from being achieved, and, if possible, propose measures that address these risks to be further developed during the project design (table format acceptable).</b>	No update	
<b>5. Coordination. Outline the coordination with other relevant GEF-financed and other initiatives.</b>	Collaboration with the World Bank funded WARFP project is added as a new initiative, potentially contributing to replication of results and scaling up.	Bullet point 5, Paragraph 71, pg. 18 was revised accordingly.
<b>Other adaptation initiatives</b>	No update	
<b>6. Consistency with National Priorities. Is the project consistent with the National strategies and plans or reports and assessments under relevant conventions? (yes /no ). If yes, which ones and how: NAPAs, NAPs, ASGM, NAPs, MIAs, NBSAPs, NCs, TNAs, NCSAs, NIPs, PRSPs, NPFE, BURs, etc.</b>	No update	
<b>Country Priorities</b>	No update	

<b><i>Execution Arrangements</i></b>	No update	
<b>7. Knowledge Management.</b> Outline the knowledge management approach for the project, including, if any, plans for the project to learn from other relevant projects and initiatives, to assess and document in a user-friendly form, and share these experiences and expertise with relevant stakeholders.	No update	