



Experience of the CCLME Project in enhancing the co-management of the MPAs in West Africa



Organisation des Nations Unies
pour l'alimentation
et l'agriculture

SAMBE BIRANE
FAO/CCLME

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ABOUT CCLME

- Implementation of the project started on 1 April 2010
- FAO and UNEP represent GEF agencies
- Allocation of GEF and contribution of countries and partners
- 7 Seven participating countries in Nord West Africa
- RCU in Dakar, Senegal



Transboundary Diagnostic Analysis

gef UNEP FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



Protection of the Canary Current Large Marine Ecosystem Project

Strategic Action Programme



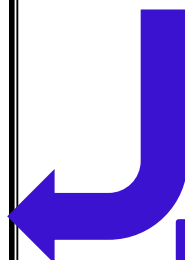
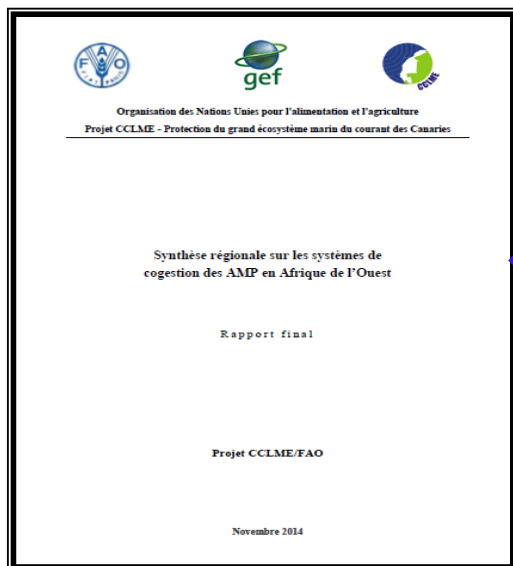
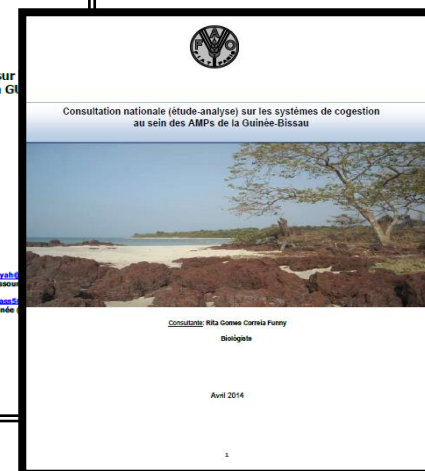
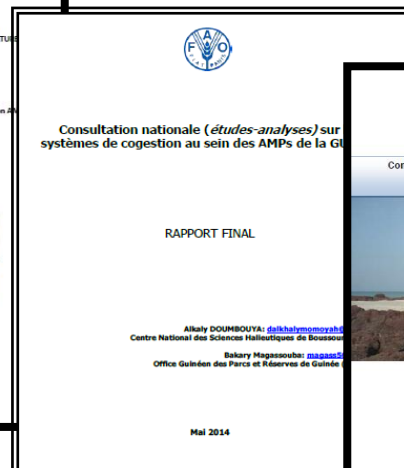
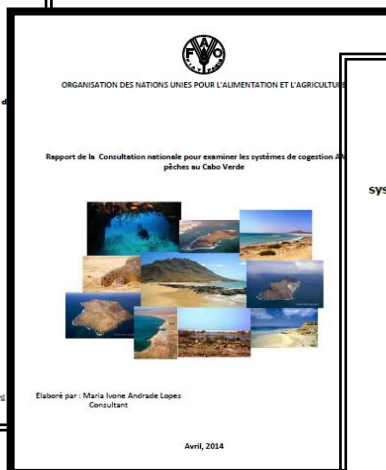
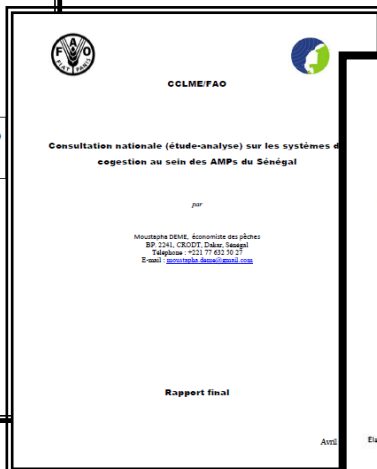
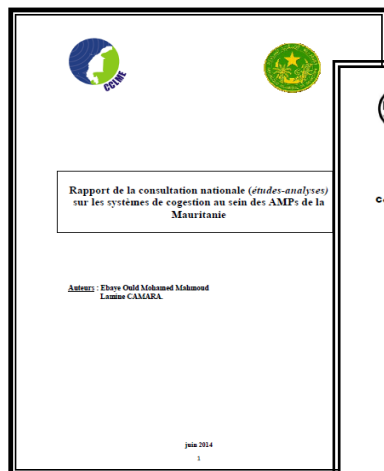
CHALLENGES

- Ineffectiveness of the co-management systems of the MPAs
- Gaps in the monitoring and evaluation of the MPAs
- Insufficiency and inadequacy of existing technical supports
- Absence of guidelines for the co-management of the MPAs

Participatory identification and implementation of 5 major activities to address the key-issues



EFFECTIVENESS of the Co-Management Systems Five National Diagnosis Reports (Mauritania, Senegal, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau and Guinea)



Regional Synthesis Report

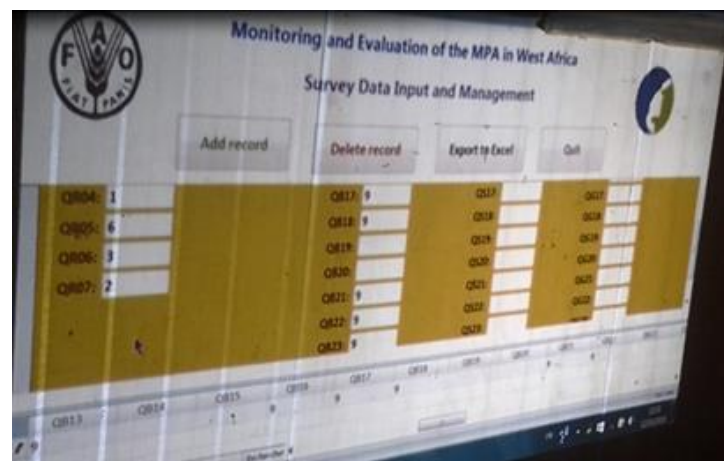


PARTICIPATORY EVALUATION AND MONITORING OF THE MPAs

- Development of a **participatory methodology for the monitoring of the MPAs in West Africa**
- It was first tested by scientists (in 2013) and then tested in 2015 by the **actors themselves** (from data collection to results)



Training of the agents about the implementation of the methodology



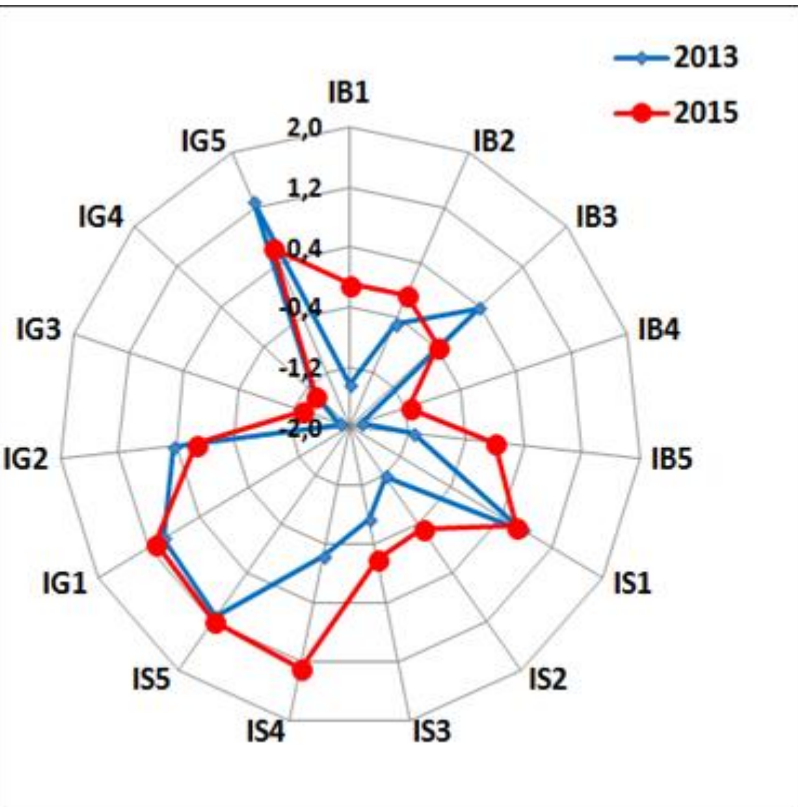
Data entry interface



PARTICIPATORY EVALUATION AND MONITORING OF THE MPA

Overview of the indicators and comparison of the tests carried out in 2013 and 2015 in Cayar

Bioecology	IB1	Biological effectiveness
	IB2	Length structure of the focal species
	IB3	Recruitment of the focal species
	IB4	Improvement in fishing effort
	IB5	Habitat ecological quality
Socio-economy	IS1	Use of marine resources
	IS2	Exploitation costs
	IS3	Availability of sea products
	IS4	Household revenues
	IS5	Household living conditions
Governance	IG1	Conflicts related to the use of the resources
	IG2	Understanding to the regulation
	IG3	Training on sustainable use of resources
	IG4	Interaction between actors
	IG5	General appreciation on the management committee



Training on Co-management and Fundraising

Concept of co-management in local languages



SWOT analysis method of the co-management systems



Fundraising strategies and procedures



Workshop groups on co-management and fundraising



Interactive Discussions with Local Populations

With elders



With fishermen



With children



Various Audiovisual Tools to Raise Awareness on the MPAs

Leaflets



Poster



Caps & T-shirts



Press release



Radio spots



TV interviews



Regional Co-management Guidelines of the MPAs



- Elaboration of "Guidelines for sub-regional co-management of fisheries in Marine Protected Areas in the Northwest African region"
- They are **non-binding and voluntary**
- They can be used by countries, local authorities and communities, civil society, scientists, etc.
- **Local, national and subregional scope**
- Available on the project website :
www.canarycurrent.org



CONCLUSION

- The approach was particularly well received and appreciated by local communities
- Some activities are still implemented even without support of the project
- The methodology could be adapted and replicated in other MPAs in West Africa
- More communication efforts are needed for the guidelines to be implemented





Thank you for your attention

www.canarycurrent.org

