



Integrated Ecosystem Management of Prespa Lakes Basin in Albania - News



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NEWSLETTER

THREE COUNTRIES, TWO LAKES, ONE FUTURE

TRE VENDE, DY LIQENE, NJE E ARDHME



Prespa Lakes Basin is a wetland of international importance, comprising of four National Parks and several protected areas with globally unique habitats, flora and fauna.

In 2000 the Governments of Albania, FYR Macedonia and Greece have agreed to work together to reduce pollution in the lakes, and introduce environmental management practices in the Prespa Park by integrating ecological, economic and social goals

The UNDP GEF Prespa Regional Project strategy is to mainstream ecosystem management objectives and priorities into productive sector practices and policies. The project is designed to strengthen capacity for restoring ecosystem health and conserving biodiversity at the local, national and trans-boundary level in the three riparian countries in the Prespa region by piloting ecosystem-oriented approaches to spatial planning, water use management, agriculture, forest, fisheries and protected

Pellgu ujembledhes i Prespes ka nje sistem ujor me rendesi nderkombetare, i perbere nga kater Parqe Kombetare dhe disa zona te mbrojtura me habitate unike, flore dhe faune.

Ne 2000 Qeverite e Shqiperise, IRJ-Maqedonise dhe Greqise kane rene dakord te punojne sebashku per te zvogeluar ndotjen ne liqene, dhe per te prezantuar praktika te menaxhimit mjedisor ne Bazentin e Prespes duke integruar qellimet ekologjike, ekonomike dhe sociale.

Qellimi i UNDP GEF, projektit rajonal te Prespes eshte integrimi i objektivave dhe prioriteteve te menaxhimit te ekosistemit me praktikat dhe parimet produktive sektoriale. Projekti eshte dizenuar per te forcuar kapacitetet per rimekembjen e ekosistemit dhe konservimin e biodiversitetit, ne nivel lokal, kombetar dhe nderkufitar ne te tre shtetet prane rajonit te Prespes, nepermjet sigurimit te qasjeve te orjentuara drejt ruajtjes se ekosistemit ne planifikimin hapesinor, menaxhimin e ujrate, ne bujqesi, pylltari, ne peshkim dhe ne menaxhimin e zonave te mbrojtua.

PRESPA WINE DAY



The "Wine Day" celebration was organized by UNDP - Prespa Project on 12th December 2009 in Zaroshka. It is a usual tradition that takes place during second part of November or the first Saturday of December, regarding to weather conditions. The organization and implementation was accomplished with close cooperation and partnership with Ligenas Commune authority, including also Prespa National Park, schools and the local NGOs.



Many participants competed based on the varieties of wines and for this was settled the evaluation commission formed by the honor guest and other participants. During the event the participants provided traditional food and related services, while the Folk Groups from around the region performed traditional songs and dances.

This activity is in line and feeds into two other very important project outcomes that address stakeholders' efforts to modify productive sector practice and improve ecosystem health in the Prespa Basin by introducing a marketplace that foster the knowledge, goods and services of a conservation economy



Festimi i "Dites se Veres" u organizua nga UNDP - Projekti i Prespes ne 12 dhjetor 2009 ne Zaroshke. Kjo eshte nje tradite qe zhvillohet ne pjesen e dyte te muajit nentor ose te shtunen e pare te dhjetorit, ne varesi te kushteve te motit. Organizimi dhe implementimi u be ne bashkepunim te ngushte me autoritetet e komunes Ligenas, perfshi edhe Parkun Kombetar e Prespes, shkollat dhe OJQ lokale.

Shume pjesemarres konkurruan bazuar ne varietetete te ndryshme te veres. Per kete u ngrit nje komision vleresimi i formuar nga te ftuarit dhe nga pjesemarres te tjere. Gjate eventit pjesemarresit ofruan ushqime tradicionale dhe sherbime te tjera, nderkohe qe grupet folk te rajonit performuan kenge dhe vallezime tradicionale.

Ky aktivitet u zhvillua ne kuader te dy komponenetave shume te rendesishem te projektit qe i adresohen modifikimit te praktikave te sektorit te prodhimit dhe permiresimit te ekosistemit ne Bazentin e Prespes duke perfshire nje treg per te mirat dhe sherbimet e nje ekonomie te mire-ruajtur.

WORLD WETLANDS DAY

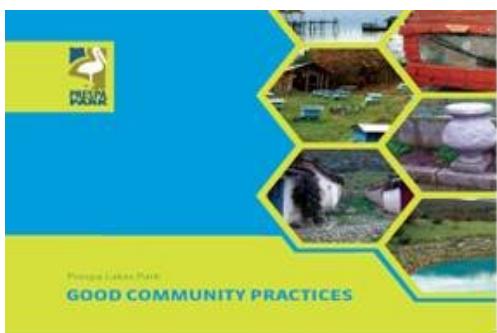
February 2 – World Wetlands Day is a globally environmental day. World wetlands Day is an International Observance Day marking the establishment of the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands in Iran, 1971. The Convention's mission is the conservation and wise use of all wetlands through local, regional and national actions and international cooperation, as a contribution towards achieving sustainable development

Prespa Park was established in 2000 by the Declaration of the three Prime Ministers, with a mandate for enhanced cooperation among competent authorities in protection of the environment in the Prespa Lakes Basin. In Albania special attention was given also to the country's three Wetlands of International importance designated under the Ramsar Convention (Butrinti lake, Karavasta Lagoon and Wetland Complex of Shkodra Lake and Buna River).

2 Shkurti - Dita Botërore e Ligatinave, është një ditë globale mjedisore. Dita e Ligatinave eshte caktuar në kujtesë të themelimit të Konventës Ramsar per Ligatinat në Iran, 1971. Misioni i Konventes eshte konservimi i te gjitha ligatinave nepermjet bashkepunimeve lokale, kombetare dhe nderkombetare, si nje kontribut drejt nje zhvillimi te qendrueshem.

Parku i Prespes u themelua ne vitin 2000 me deklaratën e tre kryeministarve, me një mandat per bashkepunim te ngushte midis autoriteteve kompetente per mbrojtjen e mjedisit ne Bazentin e Liqeneve te Prespes. Ne Shqiperi vemandje e vecante ju eshte dhene edhe tre Ligatinave me rendesi nderkombetare te percaktuara ne Konventen Ramsar (Liqeni i Butrinit, Ligatina e Karavastase dhe Kompleksi Ligantor i Ligenit te Shkodres dhe Lumit Buna

GOOD COMMUNITY PRACTICES OF PRESPA



UNDP GEF Project has developed a booklet that aims to present successful practices of the life

of communities in Prespa (traditional and new practices). This document was drafted for supporting the local communities, the local government and other stakeholders interested in presenting the need for a sustainable and successful management of the Prespa basin. More concretely, this booklet tries to show and preserve the good traditional values of the Prespa Park community on the Albanian side, which are considered to be in harmony with nature making this an area to be visited and protected.

PRAKTIKA TE MIRA KOMUNITARE

Projekti i UNDP-GEF ka publikuar një broshure qe ka per qellim te paraqese praktikat e suksesshme te jetes se komuniteteve ne Prespe (praktika tradicionale dhe te reja). Ky dokument eshte hartuar per mbeshtetjen e komuniteteve lokale, pushtetit lokal dhe paleve te tjera te interesuara per paraqitjen e nevojes per një administrim te qendrueshem dhe te sukseshem te basenit te Prespes. Me konkretisht, kjo broshure perpiqet te tregojë dhe te ruaje vlerat tradicionale me te mira te komunitetit te Parkut te Prespes ne pjesen shqiptare, te cilat konsiderohen se jane ne harmoni me natyren duke e bere kete një zone qe te vizitohet dhe te mbrohet.

SMALL GRANTS PROJECTS WITH FOCUS ON PRESPA BASIN LAKES- ALBANIA

The Small Grants Programme provides funding for projects that stimulate the development and adoption of management schemes that improve the integrated ecosystem management in Prespa lakes basin. On one hand, it aims to give a hand to such processes and create good and replicable examples of cooperation at all levels. On the other hand, it can assist the local organizations and the civil society in developing the capacities, building experiences and prepare them for future and bigger challenges.

The Small Grants Programme 2009 has allocated small funds for the following NGO and respective projects as indicated below:

Programi i Granteve te Vogla jep fonde per projekte qe stimulojne zhvillimin dhe adoptimin e skemave te menaxhimit qe permiresojne menaxhimin e integruar te ekosistemit te basesin e liqeneve te Prespes. Nga njera ane, programi i granteve te vogla synon te ndihmoje keto procese dhe te krijoje shembuj te mire dhe te perseritshem bashkepunimi ne te gjitha nivelet. Nga ana tjeter, mund te asistoje organizatat lokale dhe shoqerine civile ne zhvillimin e kapaciteve, ne perfitimin e eksperinces duke i perqatitur keshtu per te ardhmen dhe per sfida me te medha.

Programi i Granteve te Vogla 2009 ka alokuar fonde per OJQ e me poshtme me projektet perkatese:

No.	Title of the project/ Emri I projektit	NGO/ OJQ
1	Zbatimi i Ligjshmerise ne PNP	Natyra Nderkufitare
2	Rregullimi i kopshtit te Q.Informacionit, Zagracec	Sh.Grave te Prespes se Vogel
3	Kopshti im Bio	Prespa Turistike
4	Funksionalizim Pusi Rakicke	Shq.Prodhuesve Frutore
5	Rregullimi i rrugeve te stankave	Shoqata e Peshkatareve Prespa e Vogel
6	Heqja e llovizhdave	OMP
7	Ndertimi i fidanishtes per PNP	Shq.Perdoruesve te Pyjeve dhe Kullotave
8	Vendosja e tabelave udhezuese per ne Prespe	Green and Clean
9	Guida	Shq.Rinore Europiane

PRESPA PARK PHOTO COMPETITION

Authors from Albania, FYR Macedonia and Greece took part in the photo competition on the topic 'Prespa'. 413 photos were submitted in the following categories:

- The Four Seasons of Prespa
- Water
- Biodiversity and Species
- Culture and Tourism
- Agriculture
- Pollution

The Evaluation Committee composed of representatives from all three countries has chosen the Best Prespa Photos in the meeting held on Friday, 15th of January, in Resen. The winning photo will be turned into a poster, 30 best photos will be used for exhibition during events organized in all three countries and additional 12 photos will be part of a joint calendar.

KONKURSI I FOTOGRAFISE PER PARKUN E PRESPEZ

Autore nga Shqiperia, FYR Maqedonia dhe Greqia moren pjesë ne konkursin e fotografise rrith temes 'Prespa'. U paraqiten 413 fotografi ne kategorite e me poshtme:

- Kater Stinet e Prespes
- Uji
- Biodiversiteti dhe Speciet
- Kultura dhe Turizmi
- Bujqesia
- Ndotja

Ne mbledhjen e mbajtur ne 15 Janar ne Resen, Komiteti i Vleresimit i perbere nga perfaqesues nga te tre vendet perzgjodhi fotografine me te mire per Prespen. Fotografia fituese do te kthehet ne poster, 30 fotografite me te mira do te paraqiten ne ekspozita gjate eveneteve qe do te organizohen ne te tre vendet dhe 12 foto do te jene pjesë e nje kalendari te perbashket.

STUDY TOUR ORGANIZED IN CROATIA AND MONTENEGRO

Prespa Project has accomplished recently a study tour in two neighboring countries Croatia and Montenegro. There were 15 persons participating in the study tour representing different resource users, groups and local authorities including the Directorate of Forestry Service, Education, Agriculture and Prespa Park, the Tourism and Agriculture Faculties of F.S Noli University, the Regional Inspectorate of Fisheries, the Regional Council and Ligenas and Proger Communes.

On the way, the group visited the shoreline of Shkodra Lake, a protected area, continuing with watching the Buna River and enjoyed one hour boat tour along the river and outlet to the Adriatic Sea.

Projekti i Prespes ka kryer nje **udhetim studimor** ne dy vende fqinje, Kroaci dhe Mal te Zi. Ne kete udhetim studimor morren pjesë 15 persona qe perfaqesonin grupe te ndryshme perfshi ketu nga Drejtoria e Sherbimit Pyjor, nga Arsimi, Bujqesia, nga parku u Prespes, nga Fakulteti i Turizmit dhe Agronomise te Universitetit F.S Noli, Keshilli Rajonal Korce dhe Komunat Ligenas dhe Proger.

Gjate rruges, grupi vizitoi vijen bregdetare te ligenit te Shkodres, qe eshte zone e mbrojtur dhe me pas udhetuan me varke gjate lumbit Buna drejt daljes per ne detin Adriatik.

Next morning the group drove towards Durmitor NP in Tara Canyon, situated in the northern part of Montenegro. The Durmitor NP, created in 1952, includes the massif of Durmitor, the canyons of Tara, Sushica and Draga rivers and the higher part of the canyon plateau Komarnica, covering the area of 390 km². One of the most prominent attractions of Durmitor Mountain are 18 glacial lakes, best known being Black Lake. In Durmitor's territory including the Tara and Piva canyons there are 1,325 species. In these 1,325 species there are 122 endemic species.



This park is one of the best managed national parks in Montenegro. The Park Administration has full time personnel of 26 persons, which can reach around 40 during summertime. The group visited the Black Lake which is the main reference point of Durmitor NP. While walking around the lake shores, the guide made a presentation of the park, talking about its geographical and natural peculiarities, management challenges and problems. He explained that their main occupation there is the protection of the values and conservation of the ecosystem. They also care of the maintenance of the walking and hiking trails, camping sites and the prevention of accidental fires. During this tour the participants also talked and exchanged views and opinions, mainly related to the administration and management issues.

Next day the group left Durmitor and headed towards Dubrovnik in Croatia. After some break in Kotor, the group enjoyed the beautiful nature and the architecture of the old city. Late evening the group arrived in the Dubrovnik, where the representative of Mljet National Park welcomed and informed about our plan and agenda of the activities in the island next day.

Mengjesin tjeter grapi udhetoi drejt PK Durmitor ne Kanionin Tara, te vendosur ne pjesen veriore te Malit te Zi. PK i Durmitorit, i krijuar ne vitin 1952, perfshin masivin e Durmitorit. kanionin Tara, lumenjte Sushica dhe pjesen me te larte te plajes Komarnica, duke perfshire nje zone prej 390 km². Nje nga atraksionet me te spikatura te malit Durmitor eshte ndodhja e 18 liqeneve akullnajore, te njohura ndryshe Liqeni i Zi. Ne territorin e Durmitorit perfshi kanionet Tara dhe Piva ka 1,325 specie te identifikuara dhe nga keto 122 jane specie endemike.

Ky park eshte nje nga parqet kombetare te menaxhuara me mire ne Malin e Zi. Administrata e Parkut ka nje personel prej 26 personash me kohe te plote, nr qe mund te arrije 40 gjate veres. Grupi vizitoi Liqenin e Zi qe eshte pika kryesore e references ne PK te Durmitorit. Pergjate bregut te liqenit, ciceroni beri prezantimin e parkut, duke folur per vecorite gjeografike dhe natyrore, si dhe per sfidat dhe problemet. Ai shpjegoi se angazhimi i tyre kryesor eshte mbrojtja e vlerave dhe konservimi i ekosistemit. Ata gjithashtu kujdesen per mirembajtjen e rrugicave per ecje dhe ekskursion, per zonat per kampim dhe parandalimin e zjarreve aksidentale. Gjate ketij udhetimi pjesemarresit folen dhe shkembyen mendime dhe opinione, lidhur kryesish me administrimin dhe ceshtjet e menaxhimit.

Diten tjeter grapi u largua nga Durmitor dhe udhetoi drejt Dubrovnikut ne Kroaci. Pas nje pushimi ne Kotor, grapi vezhgoi arkitekturen e vjetër te qytetit dhe natyren e bukur. Ne mbremje vone grapi arriti ne Dubrovnik, ku perfaqesuesi i parkut Kombetar te Mljet i mirepriti dhe i informoi rreth planit dhe axhendes per aktivitetet diten tjeter ne ishull.

The Mljet Island is one of many islands of the Dalmatian Coast, and one of the most well known islands for its particular NP. It is an Island of great diversity and contrast, and Mljet National Park covers his northwestern part with an area of 5.375 ha of protected land and surrounding sea.

The rich vegetation of the island, especially in the area of the national Park, explains why Mljet is also known as the Green Island. Today, there are five types of forest on Mljet.

The group than drove towards its north-western side where the national park is found. At the entrance of the park, one of the park guides took them into a guided tour inside the park, towards the Small Lake which is the very heart of the park; This is one of the oldest parks of Croatia and is composed of managers, scientists, foresters and rangers. The highlight and most unusual feature of Mljet National Park is the two inland salt water lakes - Small Lake and Big Lake. The biggest challenge of the National Park has been to preserve the quality of waters into the lakes, either from the continuous intrusion of pollution from the sea waters or from the human activities. The experience of the Mljet NP on how to properly manage such issues comes very close to Prespa Lakes' management concerns and as the right approach to it. Many other interesting topics of discussion took place during this visit like lake ecosystems, PA and its site administration, enforcement, cooperation of institutions, government and civil society organizations, private sector and their incentives for participation etc. The participants were impressed by the hard job and successful efforts that were done to keep and preserve Mljet National Park. This marked the finalization of the activities that this study tour comprised.

This activity contributed and provoked, better and clearer vision, as well as, to improved capacities of the local NGOs and local communities, in addressing properly the environmental concerns in Prespa area on issues pertaining to NP management and biodiversity conservation issues. Such activity will avail Prespa stakeholders and targeted group with experience, know-how and practicalities related to a sustained lake ecosystem management and PA administration.

Ishulli Mljet eshte nje nga shume ishujt e bregut Dalmat, dhe nje nga ishujt me te njojur per Parkun e vecante Kombetar. Eshte nje ishull me diversitete dhe kontraste te medha, dhe Parku Kombetar i Mljetit ze pjesen veriperendimore te tij me nje siperfaqe prej 5.375 ha.

Bimesia e pasur e ishullit, vecanerisht ne zonen e Parkut Kombetar, shpjegon faktin se pse Mljet eshte i njojur gjithashtu si Ishulli i Gjelber. Sot ne Mljet gjenden pese lloje te pyjeve.

Grupi udhetoi drjet pjeses veri-prendimore te ishullit ku gjendet dhe parku kombetar. Ne hyrje te parkut, nje nga ciceronet e parkut i shoqeroi ne nje udhetim brenda parkut, drejt Likenit te Vogel qe eshte ne zemer te parkut; Ky eshte nje nga parqet me te vjetra te Kroacise. Tipari me i thekesuar dhe i pazakonte i Parkut Kombetar Mljet eshte ndodhja ne brendesi e dy liqeneve me uje te kripur- Liqeni i Vogel dhe Liqeni i Madh. Sfida me e madhe e Parkut Kombetar ka qene mbrojtja e cilesise se ujrave ne liqene, si nga ndotja e vazhdueshme nga ujrat e detit dhe nga veprimtarite njerezore. Eksperiencia e PK te Mljetit per menyren se si te menaxhohen sic duhet ceshtje te tilla afrohet teper edhe me shqetesimet lidhur me menaxhimin e liqeneve te Prespes. Gjate kesaj vizite u diskutuan dhe shume tema te tjera interesante per administrimin e parkut, zbatimin, bashkepunimin midis institucioneve, qeverisjes dhe organizatave te shoqerise civile, sektorit privat dhe iniciativave te tyre per pjesemarrje etj. Pjesemarresit u impresionuan per punen e veshtire dhe perpjektjet e suksesshme qe jane bere per mbajtur dhe ruajtur Parkun Kombetar Mljet. Kjo shenoi dhe finalizimin e aktivitetave qe beri ky udhetim studimor.

Ky aktivitet kontribuoi dhe provokoi nje vizion me te mire dhe me te qarte, si dhe per te permiresuar kapacetet e OJQ dhe komuniteteve lokale per te trajtuar si duhet shqetesimet mjedisore ne zonen e Prespes per ceshtje qe kane te bejne me menaxhimin e Parkut kombetar dhe konservimin e biodiversiteit. Aktivite te tilla do te ndihmojne bashkepunetoret e Prespes dhe grupet e targetuara me eksperience, njojuri dhe praktika lidhur me menaxhimin e ekosistemit dhe administrimin e parkut Kombetar.

AGRICULTURAL STATIONS IN PRESPA AREA



3 agricultural weather stations were installed in Prespa watershed area respectively in Proger, Gorica e Vogel and Zemblak area. These agricultural stations collect climatic data that will help the farmers to get a better understanding about the climatic situation and the climatic variation in the Prespa area. The stations are equipped with sensors to report precipitation and to calculate evapotranspiration. They are prepared for soil moisture sensors. This will allow making water balances for the different areas around Lake Prespa. The lakes are hardly influenced by the agronomic and social situation of the surrounding area. The Project contracted an agriculture expert

participants form the local agricultural university and informed them about the possibilities in the use of the stations for irrigation and plant protection advisory services.

From climatic conditions the biggest development possibilities for the area will be in fruit growing. Dominant fruit is actually apple. Economic success in fruit growing is depending on plant protection. Scab infected apples can not been sold in international competition. Infection models for apple scab are used in all European apple growing areas to improve the scab control. The three weather stations installed in the Prespa area can be used for this.

which held meetings with agriculture farmers, stakeholders, and

STACIONET AGRO-METEREOLLOJKE NE ZONEN E PRESPE

Ne zonen e Prespes u instaluan 3 stacione agro-meteorologjike perkatesisht ne Proger, Gorice e Vogel dhe ne Zemblak. Keto stacione agro-meteorologjike mbledhin te dhena klimatike qe do te ndihmojne fermeret qe te kene nje kuptim me te mire per situaten klimatike dhe per variacjonet klimatike ne zonen e Prespes.

Stacionet jane te pajisur me sensore per te raportuar reshjet. Gjithashtu stacionet kane sensore per lageshtine e tokes. Kjo do te lejoje te behen bilancet e ujit per zona te ndryshme rreth ligenit te Prespes. Ligenet jane teper te ndikuar nga situata buqesore dhe sociale e zones perreth. Projekti kontrakttoi nje ekspert per buqesine i cili zhvilloi takime me fermere, bashkepunetore dhe pjesemarres nga fakulteti buqesor

i fakultetit te Korces dhe i informoi ata per mundesite e perdonimit te stacioneve per ujite dhe per mbrojtjen e bimeve.

Nisur nga kushtet klimatike mundesite me te medha per zhvillimin e zones do te jene ne rritjen e frutave. Fruti dominant aktualisht eshte molla. Suksesi ekonomik ne rritjen e frutave varet nga mbrojtja e bimes. Nqs mollet infektohen ato nuk mund te shiten ne tregje nderkombetare. Ne te gjitha zonat europiane te rritjes se molleve modelet e infektuara te molleve perdoren per te permiresuar kontrollin ndaj ketyre infeksioneve.

Tre stacionet agro-meteorologjike te instaluara ne zonen e Prespes mund te perdoren per te gjitha qellimet e permendura me lart

ASSOCIATION OF FISHERIES AND PROTECTION OF SMALL PRESPA LAKE

Prespa project has support the fishermen of Small Prespa for getting organized in an association. Their association was formally registered in court on September 2009 and now is fully operational. The 'Association of Fisheries and Protection of Small Prespa Lake'

is composed by a large fishermen group, recently organized into an association and supported by the Project. It exercises its activity in the Small Prespa Lake and includes the entire fishermen community of three villages, Tren, Buzeliqen and Shuec.

In continuation of the project support for this new organization, it was foreseen the provision of the materials and equipments for the fishermen. In total a number of 35 fishing subjects (about 70 fishermen) from Small Prespa were supplied with the fishing gear and equipment.

The objective is that apart from assisting and facilitating their daily activities, to give a hand to this community and increase the fishing efficiency, working conditions, organization and life quality and to contribute on added safety, better fisheries management and better control from the respective institutions and border authorities.



SHOQATA E PESHKIMIT DHE MBROJTJES SE LIQENIT TE PRESPESE VOGEL

Projekti i Prespes ka mbeshtetur peshkataret e Prespes se Vogel per tu organizuar ne nje shoqate. Shoqata e tyre eshte regjistruar zyrtarisht ne gjykate ne shtator 2009 dhe tani funksionon plotesisht. "Shoqata e Peshkimit dhe Mbrojtjes se Liqenit te Prespes e Vogel"

eshte e perbere nga nje grup i madh peshkataresh, organizuar kohet e fundit ne nje shoqate e perkrahur nga Projekti. Shoqata ushtron aktivitetin e saj ne liqenin e Prespes se Vogel dhe perfshin gjithe komunitetin e peshkatareve te tre fshatrave, tren, Buzeliqen dhe Shuec.

Ne vazhdim te mbeshtetjes se projektit per kete organizate te re, jane siguruar dhe materialet dhe pajisjet per peshkataret. Ne total nje numer prej 35 subjekte peshkimi (rreth 70 peshkatare) nga Prespa e Vogel u furnizuan me pajisje peshkimi.

Objektivi eshte se pervec ndihmes dhe lethesimit te veprimtarise se tyre te perditshme, ti jepet nje dore ketij komuniteti perte permiresuar kushtet e punes, efikasitetin e peshkimit, organizimin dhe cilesine e jetes dhe te kontribuoje per nje menaxhim me te mire te peshkimit dhe kontroll me te mire nga institucionet perkatese dhe autoritetet e kufirit

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